### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

## **BEFORE THE**

### **PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

Pennichuck Water Works, Inc.

Docket No. DW 08-073

AMENDED PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BONALYN J. HARTLEY

## TABLE OF CONTENTS.

I.	Background and Qualifications	1
II.	Overview of Rate Case Schedules	2
III.	Pro-Forma Adjustments	5
IV.	Cost-Containment Efforts	13
V.	Increases in Property Tax and Depreciation	17
VI.	Effect of Taxes	<u>19<del>19</del>18</u>
VII.	PWW Balance Sheet	19
VIII.	Computation of Rate Base	21
IX.	Impact of Rate Increase	24
X.	Water Conservation	25
XI.	Request for Step Increase	26

l	I.	<b>Background and Qualifications</b>	

- 2 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 3 A. Bonalyn J. Hartley. My business address is 25 Manchester Street, Merrimack, New Hampshire.
- 4 Q. Please state your position with Pennichuck Water Works, Inc. ("Company") and
- 5 summarize your professional and educational background.
- 6 I serve as Vice President of Administration for the Company and of Pennichuck Corporation A. 7 ("the Parent"), which holds all the Company's common stock. I was appointed to this position in 8 April 2001. Prior to that, I served in various capacities including Vice President-Controller, 9 Manager of Systems and Administration and Office Manager. I have been with the Company for 10 over 29 years, in total. In 1989, I attended the Annual Utility Rate Seminar sponsored by the 11 National Association of Regulatory Commissioners and the University of Utah. I am a graduate 12 of Rivier College with a B. S. in Business Management. In addition, I am a Director of the New 13 England Chapter of the National Association of Water Companies.
- 14 Q. Ms. Hartley, what are your duties as Vice President of Administration for the Company?
- A. As Vice President of Administration, I am primarily responsible for the management of
  administrative services for the Company including regulatory affairs, information technology,
  human resource functions and customer service. I also serve as a liaison to the accounting
  department particularly in the area of government and regulatory matters, system acquisitions and
  information technology.
- Q. Have you testified before the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission on any previous occasions?

1	A.	Yes. I have testified before the Commission in a number of cases, including the following rate
2		cases: DR 91-055, DR 92-220, DR 97-058, DW 01-081, DW 04-056, DW 07-32, DW 05-072
3		and DW 06-073.
4	II.	Overview of Rate Case Schedules
5	Q.	Are you familiar with the pending rate application of Pennichuck Water Works, Inc. and
6		with the various schedules?
7	A.	Yes, I am. These schedules and exhibits are found under Sections 12, 13 and 14 in the binder
8		marked Pennichuck Water Works, Inc, DW 08-073, Rules 1601.04 and 1601.08 filed by the
9		Company. I either prepared the schedules and exhibits or they were prepared under my
10		supervision (excluding the schedules filed pursuant to Section 1604.08 which were directed by
11		Mr. Patterson and the related attachments prepared by Mr. Walker).
12	Q.	Please provide an overview of how these schedules and exhibits are organized for this rate
13		filing.
14	A.	Contained in the rate case binder are the following schedules as required by PUC 1604.06:
15		Section #12: Schedule A, Combined Computation of Revenue Deficiency
16		Section #13: Supporting Schedules & Exhibits
17		Schedule A, Computation of Revenue Deficiency
18		Schedule 1, Operating Income Statement
19		Schedule 1, Attachments A – H, Pro Forma Adjustments to Income/ Expense
20		Schedule 1A, Property Taxes
21		Schedule 1B, Payroll Summary
22		Schedule 1C, 2007 Management Fee Pro Forma Adjustment/Allocation
23		Schedule 2, Assets and Deferred Charges

1	Schedule 2A, Stockholders Equity and Liabilities
2	Schedule 2, Attachment A, Accumulated Depreciation
3	Schedule 2, Attachment B, Materials and Supplies
4	Schedule 2, Attachment C, Other Deferred Charges and Other Assets
5	Schedule 2, Attachment D, Analysis of Deferred Charges
6	Schedule 2B, Contributions in Aid of Construction
7	Schedule 3, Computation of Rate Base
8	Schedule 3, Attachments A through E, Pro Forma Adjustments to Rate Base
9	Schedule 3A, Computation of Working Capital
10	Schedule 3B, Computation of Thirteen Month Average Balance
11	Schedule 3C, Computation of 13 Month Avg Unfunded FAS 106 & 158 CostsSection #14:
12	Step Increase, Supporting Schedules & Exhibit
13	Step Increase, Schedule A with Revised Step 2, Computation of Revenue Deficiency
14	Step Increase, Schedule 1 with Revised Step 2,
15	Step Increase, Schedule 1 with Revised Step 2, Attachments A – D, Adjustments to
16	Income/Expenses
17	Step Increase, Schedule 3 with Revised Step 2, Computation of Rate Base
18	Step Increase Schedule 3 with Revised Step 2, Attachments A – C, Adjustments to Rate
19	Base
20	Additional schedules and exhibits are attached to the above schedules that support figures
21	appearing on the written testimony and/or in accompanying exhibits.

1	Q.	Ms. Hartley would you please summarize Section #12, Schedule A, entitled "Pennichuck
2		Water Works, Inc., Computation of Revenue Deficiency, For the Twelve Months Ended
3		December 31, 2007"?
4	A.	Yes, this exhibit shows the pro forma revenue deficiency as of December 31, 2007. The thirteen
5		month average rate base of \$72,945,003 is increased by \$3,974,060 on a pro forma basis for plant
6		in service, resulting in a total rate base of \$76,919,063. The overall rate of return of 7.81%
7		(discussed in Mr. Patterson's and Mr. Walker's testimony and shown in Section 15, Schedule 1)
8		is then multiplied by the total pro forma rate base of \$76,919,063, resulting in a required net
9		operating income of \$6,008,497. As shown in Schedule 1, the pro forma net operating income
10		for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007 is \$4,079,767, resulting in a net operating
11		income deficiency of \$1,928,730. Utilizing a tax factor of 60.39%, which accounts for the
12		impact of both the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax at 8.5% and Federal Income Taxes at
13		34%, the resulting revenue deficiency is \$3,193,791, or a required revenue increase of 14.72%.
14		This increase will permit the Company to provide adequate and reliable service for all of our
15		customers while still maintaining the ability to attract new debt and equity capital.
16	Q.	Ms. Hartley, is the Company seeking an additional increase over the 14.72%?
17	A.	Yes. As explained later in my testimony, the Company is requesting an overall increase of
18		23.5625.27% increase. This increase, as explained later in my testimony, would be phased in
19		through an initial increase of 14.72% and two step increases of 5.05% and $53.80.51$ %.
20	Q.	Has the Company modified its proposed rate increase since it initially filed the case in June
21		<u>2008?</u>
22	<u>A.</u>	Yes. As described in the Supplemental Testimony of Donald L. Ware, the Company has

decreased its request for a rate increase in Step 2 based on certain capital additions that will be

1	deferred. As a result, I am amending my testimony and the related schedules to reflect this
2	change. The Company is also submitting a revision to Mr. Palko's cost of service study to reflect
3	this change.

- Q. Ms. Hartley, would you please summarize Schedule 1 entitled, "Pennichuck Water Works,
   Inc., Operating Income Statement for the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2007"?
- A. Yes, this exhibit shows the actual operating results of the Company for the twelve months ended

  December 31, 2007, which is the period the Company is using for the test year in this case.
- 8 Q. Would you please explain the term "test year"?
- 9 A. The test year (which in this case is the calendar year 2007) is the period for which the Company's
  10 costs are examined to determine if they are reasonable and establish a level of rates that will
  11 enable the Company to earn a reasonable return on its investment. Consistent with Commission
  12 practice, certain of the Company's financial documents have been adjusted or pro formed, to
  13 reflect annualization or normalization of known changes in conditions occurring during the test
  14 year and the twelve months after.

### III. Pro-Forma Adjustments

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### Q. Does Schedule 1 show such adjustments?

Yes, Column 2 also reflects pro forma adjustments to recognize a \$390,072 increase in total revenues and \$487,530 in net increases in operating expenses that have occurred or will occur within the twelve months after the end of the test year. Each adjustment will be explained later in full detail. Column 1 is the actual operating income statement for the test year and shows that operating revenues were \$21,547,912, total operating expenses were \$9,757,849 and the resultant net operating income was \$4,680,242. Column 3 presents the actual figures as adjusted by the

- pro forma adjustments. Columns 4 and 5 present comparative data for the twelve months ended

  December 31, 2006 and 2005 respectively.
- Q. Please explain each of the pro forma adjustments made to the operating revenues and expenses as shown in Schedule 1, Column 2.
  - A. Operating revenues have been increased by \$390,072 as a result of; (i) a 20.36% step increase which was authorized in DW 06-073 and effective January 5, 2007. A pro forma adjustment of \$26,205 is made to recognize the period from January 1st to January 4th; (ii) a 3.07% subsequent step increase authorized in DW 06-073 effective June 1, 2007 for a pro forma adjustment of \$206,644 to recognize the period from January through May 2007; and (iii) a 11.07% permanent increase authorized in DW 06-073 effective July 18, 2006 resulting in a credit of \$187,034 to customers for the difference between the temporary rate increase awarded in 2006 and permanent rates. A final pro forma adjustment is made to decrease revenues by \$(29,812) to reflect the impact of the elimination of significant metered leakage from the Coburn Woods Association distribution system during 2007. The Company worked with the Association to install 224 individual meters. After installation, the Company compared the total of these meters against a master 6" meter in order to accurately assess the amount of unaccounted for water. It then worked with the Association throughout 2007 to locate and repair leaks which resulted in the overall system leakage dropping from 74% or 57 gallons per minute at the beginning of 2007 to less than 3% or under 1 gallon per minute at the end April of 2008 with the result being a projected decrease in revenues from the Coburn Woods Association of \$29,812.
  - Q. Ms. Hartley please continue.

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22 A. The operating expenses have been increased by \$487,530 to reflect known changes that occurred
23 during the test year or have occurred or will occur within the twelve months following the test

year. Schedule 1, Attachments A through H provide in detail the nature and specific computation for each pro forma adjustment to each operating account.

3 Q. Please explain the pro forma adjustment for union employees.

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- 4 A. On February 16, 2007, the Company negotiated a three year contract with the United 5 Steelworkers of America for employees hired in the Company's Production and Distribution 6 Departments. Schedule 1, Attachments B, pages 1 and 2 reflect pro forma adjustments for the 7 4% union wage increase effective February 16, 2007 and the 4% union wage increase effective 8 February 16, 2008. Additionally, adjustments are made to reflect three replacements in the 9 Production Department that were the result of one termination, one retirement, and one death in 10 December of 2006 and one replacement in the Distribution Department that was the result of one 11 termination.
- Q. Please explain the pro forma adjustments to payroll for the salaried employees of theCompany.
  - Payroll adjustments are reflected for average annual increases of 4.0% that occurred on April 1, 2007 and 4.1% on April 1, 2008 for all salaried employees including executives. Adjustments are also included to recognize those employees leaving the Company or transferring within the Company as well as new hires. In 2007, the Company replaced 4 accounting administrators that were the result of 3 terminations in 2007 and one termination in December of 2006. One software support employee was terminated and one cad technician was terminated, neither of which was replaced. In February 2008, a Lead Electrician was hired to support the upgrades to the Water Treatment Plant. In 2007, the Company replaced 2 Customer Service Representatives for 2 terminated employees and, in 2008 hired one Customer Service Representative to replace a temporary employee in 2007. The Company hired a Customer Service Representative on

9	Q.	Ms. Hartley please explain the pro forma salary adjustments for executives of the
8		detailed on Schedule 1, Attachment H.
7		to 300,000 billings by February of 2009. The impact of these changes on salaries and wages are
6		positions be annualized for the full year to reflect the impact of increased billings from 124,000
5		quarterly to monthly billing during 2008. The Company is requesting that the additional
4		additional billing and collection efforts associated with PWW's conversion of customers from
3		October 1, 2008. The additional Customer Service personnel are necessary to support the
2		June 1 and October 1, 2008. The Company will be hiring an additional Utility Technician on
1		February 11, 2008 and anticipates hiring two additional Customer Service Representatives on

- Q. Ms. Hartley please explain the pro forma salary adjustments for executives of the
   Company.
- A. Effective April 1, 2007, there is a total pro forma salary adjustment of \$5,812 for five executives of the Company, reflecting an average annual salary increase of 3.2%. For April 1, 2008, there is a total pro forma adjustment of \$22,500 for seven executives reflecting an average annual salary increase of 3.5%.
- Q. What portion of the pro forma adjustments represents salary and wagesfor the test year?
- 17 A. The total salary and wage adjustments before any income tax benefit are \$466,867 as compared
  18 to the actual payroll of \$6,712,770 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. This is
  19 shown in detail on Schedule 1B entitled "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Payroll Summary".
- 20 Q. Ms. Hartley would you please summarize Schedule 1B for the Commission?
- A. Yes. Schedule 1B itemizes the various classifications of labor by Operations and Maintenance,

  Construction and Jobbing. Column 1 details a total payroll expense of \$6,712,770 that was

  actually incurred during the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. As previously stated, the

total payroll adjustments in Column 7 are \$466,867, of which \$424,457 is for operating labor and \$4,139 is for capitalized labor in construction. As shown in Columns 2-6, adjustments include payroll increases effective February 16, 2007 and February 16, 2008 for union employees, salary increases that were effective April 1, 2007 and April 1, 2008 for salaried employees, and adjustments for new hires and terminations for 2007 and 2008.

## Q. What other types of expenses are included in the pro forma adjustments to the Operating Income Statement?

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Other operating expenses for which pro forma adjustments have been made are related to increases in operating and maintenance expenses for the Production Account resulting in a total pro forma adjustment of \$152,770, which includes the following items: (i) in 2008, the Company incurred increases in costs of all chemicals utilized at the Treatment Plant which represents an annual expense of \$20,515; and (ii) purchased water costs for the Company increased over the 2007 test year expenses as the result of a July 1, 2007 increase in rates charged to the Company by the Merrimack Village District and a January 1, 2008 increase in rates charged to the Company by the Town of Milford. These increase charges result in a total pro forma adjustment of \$9,504 as detailed in Schedule 1, Attachment B, Page 1.

#### 17 Q. Ms. Hartley please explain the adjustments made to the Distribution Account.

The cost of fuel has increased significantly from 2007 to May 2008 and continues to increase. The majority of the Company's fuel costs is related to this department as most of our labor personnel are utilizing trucks and other vehicles to service our customers and the system. Therefore, the Company is making a pro forma adjustment to reflect an increase from \$204,385 to \$282,347 for 2007 and 2008 respectively. This was calculated utilizing \$3.698 per gallon for gasoline and \$4.19 for diesel (the average price for a gallon of gas/diesel in the Nashua area on

- 1 May 1, 2008). Based on the Company's Work Order percentage of 63.30%, the total fuel increase of \$77,962 results in an allocation of \$49,350.
- 3 Q. Please explain Schedule 1, Attachment B, Page 3.
- A. The schedule reflects pro forma adjustments for engineering salaries of \$4,670 and \$15,229 representing salary increases and adjustments of 5.3% on April 1, 2007 and adjustments of 4.2% on April 1, 2008 respectively. An adjustment of \$(8,875) is made to reflect the impact of the personnel hirings and terminations during the test year and in 2008. Total pro forma adjustments for engineering salaries is \$11,023.
- Q. Does this complete the adjustments that have been made to the operating expenses in the
   Distribution Account?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. Ms. Hartley would you please explain other adjustments made for administrative expenses found on Schedule 1, Attachment C, Page 1?
  - Yes, there are adjustments to recognize salary adjustments, increases in wages, and personnel hirings and terminations during the test year and in 2008. The schedule reflects pro forma adjustments for accounting salaries of \$5,347 and \$17,710 representing salary increases and adjustments of 3.9% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.6% on April 1, 2008 respectively. An adjustment of \$257 is made to reflect the impact of the personnel hirings and terminations during the test year and in 2008. Total pro forma adjustments for accounting salaries are \$23,314. The schedule reflects pro forma adjustments for customer service are \$3,751 and \$13,013 representing salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4.8% on April 1, 2008 respectively. An adjustment of

year and in 2008. Total pro forma adjustments for customer service salaries are \$181,939. In June 2008, the Company began converting its quarterly customers to monthly accounts and as previously stated is planning to hire two additional customer service employees to support this major initiative. The new hire planned for June 1, 2008 will be trained in billing and receivables and the utility technician is a union position that will be required to meet the increased collection activity. The billing, receivables, collections and customer calls will increase by approximately 3 times for bills and receipts annually. The Company is proposing that the new positions be recognized for a full 12 months. The schedule also reflects pro forma adjustments for Information Technology salaries of \$1,706 and \$7,095 representing salary increases and adjustments of 3.2% on April 1, 2007 and salary increases and adjustments of 4% on April 1, 2008 respectively. An adjustment of (\$3,527) is made to reflect the impact of the personnel hirings and terminations during the test year and in 2008. Total pro forma adjustments for Information Technology are \$5,273. Finally, there are pro forma adjustments of \$10,110 and \$28,312 for other administrative salaries and executive salaries for salary increases on April 1, 2007 and April 1, 2008 that when included with other adjustments result in a total pro forma administrative salary adjustment of \$248,947.

#### Q. Would you please continue?

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Yes. On Schedule 1, Attachment C, Page 2, for purpose of calculating an adjustment for benefits, total operating expense payroll dollars of \$424,457 (Schedule 1B) is multiplied by 38.6% benefit percentage, resulting in a pro forma adjustment of \$163,841. An adjustment is included for a reduction of \$29,629 for charitable contributions as reflected in the documents submitted in Rule 1604.01, Section 5. Other adjustments are made to the test year to recognize an increase of \$6,080 in regulatory commission expense, an \$8,941 adjustment for computer

for NAWC and the AWWA Research Foundation. The Company eliminated or negotiated for one year "only" reduced membership fees in NAWC and AWWARF for 2007 until the Company's earnings and cash flow improved as a result of the temporary and permanent rates requested in the pending PWW rate case (DR 08-073). Note: I would include a sentence or two about why membership in these organizations is important. Customer billing expenses have been adjusted to recognize the transition from quarterly to monthly billing. The amount of billing materials and postage will increase by \$133,420 and, the Company is proposing that this expense be recognized for twelve months as the conversion will be completed by January 2009. In 2008, the Company purchased a scanner to assist in the processing of customer remittances and an adjustment of \$2,887 has been made to reflect the increase in maintenance cost for this equipment. Additionally, during the test year, there were expenses that were non-recurring in nature and pro forma adjustments are made to eliminate the following from the test year: commission expense for auction bonds of \$(4,550), obsolete inventory for obsolete customer education supplies of \$(3,937) and for obsolete customer conservation materials of \$(4,806), and for book to CPR true-ups of \$10,329.

maintenance expense, and an adjustment of \$12,051 for membership fees of \$1,460 and \$10,591

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# Q. Ms. Hartley are there any other adjustments for the Administrative and General Accounts?

Yes, there are pro forma adjustments to reflect expenses allocated through the Management Fee to other Pennichuck Corporation subsidiaries. The allocation from Pennichuck Water Works to all affiliates which is reflected in Rule 1604.01, Section 26. The allocable percentage rate is based on certain criteria including revenues, employees, square footage utilized, number of customers, and assets. Therefore, the pro forma payroll of \$424,457 and the pro forma benefits

at 38.6% of \$163,841 totaling \$588,298 have been multiplied by 28.1% resulting in a deduction to the Administrative and General Accounts of \$(165,312).

During the test year there were expenses that were non-recurring in nature and adjustments have been made as a reduction to the Management Fee to recognize these items as follows: an adjustment of \$(286) associated with Great American Insurance Claim, an adjustment of \$(25,312) associated with 2007 retention bonuses, and an adjustment of \$(58,071) for 2007 bonuses paid above plan levels due to achievement of specified goals. Other adjustments for items not included in the test year are reductions to the Management Fee and include: an adjustment of \$(36,363) to allocate water treatment plant office salaries to affiliates through the work order allocation, an adjustment of \$(54,949) to allocate depreciation for leasehold improvement related to the HECOP III fit-up allowance, and an adjustment of \$(45,191) to adjust depreciation of leasehold improvements over 10 years versus the 5 years on the Company's books. Additional adjustments for items not included in the test year to increase the Management Fee include: an adjustment of \$35,112 to annualize the board costs associated with the search for President and CEO in 2006 and an adjustment of \$39,451 for allocation of work order overhead to eliminate contractor invoices (Schedule 1C). The total pro forma adjustment for all Administrative and General Accounts is a net increase of \$232,651 including the adjustment for the total management fee allocation or \$(310,922).

### IV. Cost-Containment Efforts

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- Q. Ms. Hartley, what actions has the Company taken to contain costs?
- A. The Company consistently reviews and analyzes its costs to determine their necessity, whether
  there are alternative options or whether they can be eliminated. For example, in the area of
  Customer Accounting and Collections, the Company upgraded its utility billing program in 2006

to provide cost effective and convenient payment options for customers, and in early 2008 the Company began offering online payment via its web site at <a href="www.pennichuck.com">www.pennichuck.com</a>. Processes have been initiated for electronic check deposits to the Company's bank account with software entitled "payment concentrator" for customers that make online payments through their own banks and with remote deposit equipment for customers paying in person at the Company's headquarters. In 2008, the Company purchased new remittance equipment that assists in the processing of customer payments by mail and that scans customer check for electronic deposits in the Company's bank account. In the future, the Company also plans to provide electronic bill presentation.

### Q. Has the Company implemented other efficiency measures?

A.

Yes. Our centralized and automated customer appointment schedule for back flows, pressure complaints, and meter appointments improves efficiency and responsive customer service. This program calculates travel time and automatically reschedules and determines the most efficient travel route. It also provides for automatic scheduling for routine appointments such as backflow testing. Managers can now view "real time' employee work schedules for easy rescheduling and efficiency. Automation has improved Company response and efficiency in all areas. For example, the SCADA system at the Treatment Plant allows operators to monitor remote facilities by computer and the OPS 32 program allows operators to record data in the field on Palm Pilots. In 2005, we implemented a new Laboratory Information System (LIMS) which provides for automatic tracking of water testing and sampling. This new system will eliminate redundancy, improve laboratory reporting, and monitoring of water quality. Sample results from outside laboratories are now imported electronically thereby increasing accuracy and efficiency. In 2007, the Company developed software interfaces between its BNA fixed asset program and

MUNIS utility billing program to its MACOLA accounting program, and in 2008, the Company developed a software interface from its Synergen work order program to MACOLA creating added efficiencies. The Company has standardized its desk top computers and software suites allowing for easier maintenance and training while increasing processing power and productivity. To better service customers, the Company has installed and implemented a Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP) telephone system which provides automated messaging for property transfers, payment information, and sales of property to facilitate customer service. In addition, customers are able to easily access off-duty emergency number for quick response. The system provides emergency messaging for special circumstances that may affect a large group of customers. The system also has a call feature that provides for automated phone messages to be delivered to customers for emergency and collections and can deliver over 1,200 messages in one hour.

Q.

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# Are there other improvements that the Company has made to enhance service to customers?

Yes. In 2008, the Company launched its new web site that is designed to be very friendly and easy for customers to access, send messages and make payments online. The web site provides customer's with rate information by system, consumer confidence reports by supply, conservation tips, restrictions for lawn irrigation by supply, payment locations and options, environmental and engineering services, investor information and general information about the Company. The Company is in the process of conducting a pilot study to begin developing automatic entry of work order information in the field. In the future, this new program will create efficiency, accuracy and eliminate redundancy.

### Q. What other initiatives has the Company undertaken to save costs?

All employee benefits are reviewed annually and savings negotiated where possible. The Company recognizes that the escalating cost of rising health care benefits poses challenges. In 2007, the Company negotiated a more favorable contract with Harvard Pilgrim Health Insurance that helped to mitigate premium increases proposed by Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield. Health benefits for union employees are now prescribed in the Company's 2007 contract with the United Steelworkers Union. In 2008, union employees make a weekly contribution of \$25.18 to their health care premium and non-union employees are required to contribute 10% of their total premium through payroll deduction. This helped to mitigate the impact of the 8% increase in health care costs from Harvard Pilgrim in 2008. In reviewing the historic medical usage by our employee group, it was determined that further savings could be accomplished by having the Company self-insure for certain medical deductibles along with increasing employee co-pays.

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Q. Please explain the conversion to monthly billing and its impact on customers and the Company.

In 2008, as described in Mr. Ware's testimony, the Company began a program to install Neptune Radio Read Units for all meters in PWW which will be completed by year end. This major project is necessary to convert customers from quarterly to monthly billing and has many advantages for both the customer and the Company. For customers; the frequency of water bills has increased which will make it easier for customers to budget monthly for this expense. It will also allow for early leak detection which will prevent undo water usage, meter repairs will be accelerated thereby eliminating the time between actual meter reads, and conservation signals to customers during peak summer usage. From the Company's perspective, monthly reading will provide more accurate unaccounted for water reports, improved cash flows, improved budgeting

and forecasting of unbilled water, encouragement for timely water conservation, timely meter repairs, and improved accuracy and efficiency in meter reading time.

### Q. Will the installations of the radio read program provide some efficiencies?

Yes. As detailed in Mr. Ware's testimony, the meter department labor is primarily dedicated to reading meters. The radio read program will provide an opportunity to redeploy this labor for periodic testing of small meters and repairs. The Company's meter testing program has lagged in the area of small meter testing and needs to be accelerated to meet the NHPUC prescribed testing frequency. Absent the labor savings achieved by reading meters with radio read units, the Company would have to hire more union labor to complete the required testing. As described earlier in my testimony, there will be additional costs for Customer Service and Collections due to the conversion from quarterly to monthly billing. The Company believes that the benefits far out weigh this additional cost to service our customers.

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### V. Increases in Property Tax and Depreciation

Q. Are there any expense adjustments included in the pro forma adjustments to the operating income statement that are not related to any changes from the Company's operations?

Yes, one of the major expenses included in the pro forma adjustments to the operating income statement is a \$599,805 increase for property taxes shown on Schedule 1, Attachment D, Page 1. This adjustment is due to the difference in the actual liability for real estate taxes and the amount actually accrued during the test year as well as the increase in taxable property owned by the Company. Schedule 1A, Pages 1-5 reflects the pro forma adjustment of \$26,980 for the net increase in property taxes for some of the communities served by the Company and for the State of New Hampshire property tax. An additional adjustment reflects the increase of taxable utility

property of \$668,813 in some of the communities served by the Company which is shown on Schedule 1A, Attachment A, Pages 1-7. These taxable additions were placed in service in 2007 at a total cost of \$27,890,506; the related property taxes are not reflected in the test year. Finally, there is an adjustment for the decrease in taxable utility property of \$(95,988) related to retirements of plant items in various communities. These taxable dispositions were retired during 2007 at a total cost of \$3,999,668 and related property taxes as found on Schedule 1A, Attachment B, Pages 1-4.

# 8 Q. Are there any other pro forma adjustments that you have made to the operating income statement?

A.

Yes. There is also a pro forma adjustment for the increase in net depreciation expense of \$290,681 as shown on Schedule 1, Attachment E entitled "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Depreciation Expense". This adjustment is primarily attributable to the additional one-half year depreciation expense of \$459,806 for depreciable assets placed in service during 2007 and a reduction of \$(95,281) in depreciation expense to reflect the disposal of assets in the test year. An adjustment of \$(69,701) is made to reflect depreciation expense related to treatment of cost of removal (COR) as agreed by the settling parties in Order 24,751 (DW 06-073). An adjustment of \$(4,143) is made to adjust the estimated useful life of filter media. In addition, there is a net increase in amortization expense of \$6,385 as shown in Schedule 1, Attachment F entitled "Pennichuck Water Works, Amortization of Deferred Charges" which is primarily due to a one-half year amortization expense pro forma of \$75,746 for certain projects and studies completed during 2007 and a reduction of \$(77,765) for the completed amortization of certain deferred assets during the test year. In 2008, the Company engaged consultants to perform compensation studies for non union employees and executives. The Company is proposing to amortize the

studies over 3 years and has made an adjustment of \$12,667. An adjustment of \$(4,263) is made to eliminate the non-recurring final amortization of the 1998 Theoretical Depreciation Reserve taken in 2007. The explanations and calculations for these amortization expenses are shown on the Schedule noted above.

### 5 VI. Effect of Taxes

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- Q. Please explain Schedule 1, Attachment G entitled, "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Income
   Taxes".
- A. This schedule calculates the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax and the Federal Income Tax benefits derived from the pro forma adjustments to operating expenses for a total tax benefit of \$(84,518) and \$(309,336) respectively.

### 11 VII. PWW Balance Sheet

- 12 Q. Please explain Schedule 2 entitled "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Balance Sheet"?
- 13 A. This schedule shows the comparative balance sheets for Pennichuck Water Works as of 14 December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005. On Schedule 2, it should be noted that plant in service 15 increased to \$134.4 million reflecting \$30.6 million of net plant additions since 2005. Other 16 assets and deferred charges of \$5.9 million reflect expenses for abandoned property, 17 implementation of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, water tank inspections, the Supplemental Employee 18 Retirement Plan (SERP) for the former President of the Company, the long term investment for 19 funding the water line study for Berkley Street, relocation expenses, employee recruiter fees, 20 2006 rate case expenses, VEBA Trusts, the Manchester Source Development Charge for 21 additional capacity and the Bedford interconnect, and costs for the Filtration Media Study for the Treatment Plant (Schedule 2, Attachment C, Pages 1-2). On Schedule 2A, Stockholder's Equity 22

- has increased from \$36.9 million in 2005 to \$40.3 million in 2007 while Long Term Debt and
- 2 Liabilities have increased from \$58.3 million in 2005 to \$85.3 million in 2007.
- 3 Q. Would you now explain Schedule 2, Attachment A?
- 4 A. This schedule provides the breakout of the 'Accumulated Depreciation" item
- as shown on the Company's balance sheet, by account classification, for the years ending
- 6 December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006.
- 7 Q. Would you please explain Schedule 2, Attachment B?
- 8 A. This schedule details all of the materials and supplies on the Company's balance sheet at
- 9 December 31, 2007, the 13 month average for the same, and the comparative balances as of
- December 31, 2006 and 2005.
- 11 Q. Would you please explain Schedule 2B?
- 12 A. This schedule details the customer advances and contribution in aid of construction on the
- 13 Company's balance sheet for the five years from 2003 through 2007.
- 14 Q. Would you please explain Schedule 2, Attachment C, Pages 1-2?
- 15 A. Yes. This schedule explains the "Other Deferred Debits and Other Assets" included in the
- 16 Company's balance sheet and shows the comparative balances for these deferred charges and
- other assets as of December 31, 2007 and 2006. Included in the December 31, 2007 balance are
- \$23,352 for abandoned property for wells primarily located in the Cabot Preserve and Dunlap
- Woods systems, \$2,932 for inspection of the Fifield Tank, \$10,162 for the study of the mast road
- crossing, \$673,797 for costs associated with accounting requirements for compliance with the
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, \$102,993 for Bond Defeasance premium, \$2,512 for a study related
- to Berkley Street; and additional expenses of \$96,085 for recruiter fees, \$53,072 for Union
- Contract negotiations, \$470,919 for the SERP plan for the former President of the Company,

\$194,665 related to demolition of the Merrimack Dam, \$179,868 for the Pennichuck Brook watershed study, \$6,875 for catch basin marking, \$588,318 for VEBA Trusts, \$18,972 for web site upgrade, \$31,667 for the 2004 compensation study, \$378,974 for MSDC charges and \$28,261 for the Filtration Media Study for the Treatment Plant. It should be noted that costs of \$6,851,229 as of December 31, 2007 for defense of the eminent domain action by the City of Nashua are included in this account. These costs and no other eminent domain costs are included in this case and are reduced by the same amount of \$6,851,229 as reflected on Schedule 2, Attachment C, Page 1.

A.

### VIII. Computation of Rate Base

- Q. Please explain Schedule 3, entitled "Pennichuck Water Works, Computation of Rate Base,

  For the Twelve Months ended December 31, 2007"?
  - The overall purpose of this schedule is to calculate a pro forma rate base for the Company in order to determine the basis on which to compute its allowed rate of return. Column 1 of this exhibit shows the test year rate base account calculated on an actual "13 month average" rate base for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007 for a total of \$128,961,502 for Plant in Service. Schedule 3B details how the average was calculated. Column 2 of Schedule 3 represents a "year end" rate base for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. This information is also detailed on Schedule 3B. Column 3 details the pro forma adjustments to the "test year average" rate base. The computation detail for each adjustment is shown on Schedule 3, Attachment A through E inclusive. The net pro forma adjustment to the rate base for plant in service is \$5,102,807 to annualize those non-revenue producing capital additions that were included in the "13 month average" for plant in service for the twelve months ended December

31, 2007. Schedule 3, Attachment A, Exhibit 2, Pages 1-5 details these non-revenue producing items and shows that the total cost for these assets placed in service during 2007 is \$27,232,123 and that by utilizing "the 13 month average" only \$20,672,916 is currently reflected in the test year resulting in an adjustment of \$6,559,207. Schedule 3, Attachment A, Exhibit 4, Pages 1-4 details retirements in service which were calculated as part of the thirteen month average of plant in service for the test year ending 2007 is \$4,253,147 and that by utilizing "the 13 month average" only \$2,796,747 is currently reflected in the test year for a reduction of \$(1,456,400). It should be noted that all of these projects are non-revenue producing items that are critical infrastructure improvements, upgrades to the system or mandated to maintain compliance with the SDWA. These asset additions do not provide additional revenue opportunities for the Company.

## Q. Please continue to explain adjustments to rate base shown on Schedule 3.

A.

The reduction of \$(94,292) for Deferred Debits is detailed on Schedule 3, Attachment B includes a reduction of \$(75,746) to reflect the one-half year amortization expense pro forma for the deferred charges placed in service during 2007. Schedule 2, Attachment D, Pages 1-2 reflects those items that are included. There is a pro forma adjustment to remove the deferred expense of \$(43,879) for rate case expenses related to DW 06-073. The Company is recovering these expenses from customers over a twelve month period. An adjustment of \$25,333 is proposed to recognize the unamortized balance of a compensation study to be performed in 2008. Schedule 3, Attachment C shows an adjustment of \$360,382 for Accumulated Depreciation that includes the amount of \$459,806 for the additional one-half year pro forma depreciation expense for the capital assets added to the core system in 2007 and a one-half year depreciation expense of \$(95,281) for capital assets retired in the test year as shown on Schedule 3, Attachment A,

Exhibit 1, Pages 1-12 and Schedule, Attachment A, Exhibit 3, Pages 1-7. There is also an adjustment of \$(4,143) for the estimated useful life of filter media noted in Schedule 1, Attachment E. Additionally, a working capital pro forma adjustment is made to rate base to reflect the pro formed operations and maintenance expenses of \$487,530 on Schedule 1 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. This is calculated at 63.5 days divided by 365 days resulting in 17.40% which is then multiplied by \$487,530 resulting in pro forma working capital of \$84,830.

### Q. Are there any further adjustments to rate base?

A.

A.

Yes, an adjustment of \$758,902 is made to reduce rate base for unfunded FAS 106 and 158 costs. Schedule 3, Attachment E shows a pro forma adjustment of \$206,567 to comply with Commission Order No. 20,806 in DA 92-199 by calculating unfunded FAS 106 costs of \$342,055 by the tax factor of 60.39%. And, an additional pro forma adjustment of \$552,335 to account for FAS 158 that required recognition of the over funded or under funded status for defined benefit and other post retirement plans by calculating the unfunded FAS 158 costs of \$914,614 by the tax factor of 60.39%. The total rate base for the test year 13 month average is \$72,945,003 and accounting for the pro forma adjustments of \$3,974,060 results in a pro forma rate base of \$76,919,063.

#### Q. Please summarize what the rate base exhibits show.

The most striking conclusion from these exhibits is the fact that the Company continues to make substantial capital investments in order to maintain the reliability of its systems and to comply with various governmental requirements. It should be noted that regulated public utilities often do not have the advantage enjoyed by other companies of deciding when, on the basis of financial considerations, to make these investments. Pennichuck has a commitment to the

communities it serves to provide a safe and reliable product at all times regardless of capital limitations or other considerations. The costs associated with these projects when combined with increased expenses places the Company in a position where financial relief through a rate increase is critical in order for the Company to maintain its credit worthiness and still preserve adequate earnings that will attract capital (as described in Mr. Patterson's testimony).

- Q. Are all of the pro forma capital additions included in the pro forma adjusted rate base
   presented by you used and useful?
- 8 A. Yes.

A.

- 9 Q. Were the expenses incurred by the Company in making these rate base additions prudently invested?
- 11 A. Yes, as discussed in Mr. Ware's testimony, all of these investments are prudently incurred.
- 12 IX. Impact of Rate Increase
- 13 Q. How is the Company proposing to adjust its current rate levels to achieve the 14.72%

  14 revenue increase being sought in this case?
  - The Company is recommending that it collect revenues from each customer class in accordance with the recommendations for each Customer Class as detailed on Schedule 9, page 1 of the Cost of Service study. This will result in the Company collecting 86.2% of its required revenues from Water Service Revenues (both general water service (GWS) and contract water service), 3.68% from Private Fire Revenue and 10.12% from Municipal Fire Revenues. This revenue collection allocation would result in the Company collecting \$19,725,694 or an increase of 14.52% from its GWS customers, \$1,734,267 or an increase of 14.34%. from Contract revenues, \$915,696 or an increase of 85.29% from Private Fire revenues and \$2,520,792 or an increase of 2.20 % from Municipal Fire revenues resulting in an overall revenue increase of 14.72%. The above

allocation will result in an average annual residential water bill for a single family home of
approximately \$517.37 based on average usage per 9.53 one hundred cu.ft. This will represent
an increase of \$4.88 per month for residential customers over current rates.

- 4 Q. What efforts does the Company make to assist customers who are having difficulty paying their water bills?
  - A. The Company follows the Commission's regulations prior to disconnecting any customer's service. In addition to the fourteen day notice of disconnection that a regulated utility must provide to its customers, the Company makes courtesy calls to customers two to three days prior to any scheduled disconnection (for non-payment) in an effort to help customers avoid termination of service. These calls are highly effective in assisting customers to avoid disconnections. These courtesy calls have significantly reduced the number of disconnections, which saves customers money and disruption to their lives. Once a disconnection occurs, the Company works closely with the customer to restore service. For example, the Company will reconnect a customer's service as late as 8:00 p.m. on weekdays, and customers may submit overdue payments to the Company representative at the time of reconnection. The Company also works with its customers on establishing reasonable payment plans to avoid disconnection of service.

### Q. Does the Company provide any assistance to customers experiencing

### financial hardship?

20 A. Yes. The Company maintains a hardship fund for customers who are unable to pay their bills
21 due to tragic experiences. The Customer Service Department may allocate money to pay a
22 customer's bill in such circumstance.

### X. Water Conservation

1 Q. Ms. Hartley did you include a 'step-up' rate to encourage water conservation at this time?

A. No, I did not. As stated previously, the Company is in the process of converting its customers from quarterly to monthly billing. Currently the majority of customers in the Pennichuck systems will not receive their quarterly water bill for the summer months of June through August until later in September or October of that year. Therefore, a conservation 'step-up' rate would have little or no impact on water usage since the water bill would arrive long after the usage, providing no time to conserve water. The Company recommends that conservation rates be studied at some future date when the radio read program is completed and how such measures would impact actual usage.

### 10 Q. Does the Company undertake any efforts to encourage conservation?

A. Yes. The Company provides educational materials to customers about ways to conserve water.

This information is included in our customer handbook, web site and newsletters. In addition, we mail water conservation pamphlets to all of our customers at the start of the summer season.

The Company has lawn irrigation policies for some of its community systems that require 'odd/even' lawn irrigation policies or in complete water bans when it is necessary. During peak summer usage, customers can access the web site for current updated status of lawn irrigation programs for their system. The Company also polices these systems for compliance when water supplies are critical.

### XI. Request for Step Increase

- Q. Ms. Hartley would you please explain why the Company is seeking an initial increase of 14.72% and subsequent step increases of 5.05% and 3.805.51%?
- A. Yes. The Company is seeking an initial increase of 14.72% based on a test year ending

  December 31, 2007. As explained in Mr. Ware's testimony, the Company has embarked on a

significant capital project (upgrade of the water treatment plant) to meet federal drinking water regulations. While there are significant capital expenditures in the test year associated with this project, the expenses with this project will continue into 2008 and 2009. As explained in both Mr. Ware's and Mr. Patterson's testimony, the Company is requesting a step increase to recognize the major upgrades to the Treatment Plant and other additions totaling \$12.314.9 million during 2008 becoming used and useful by December 31, 2008. The Company is respectfully requesting the Commission approve step increases totaling 8.8510.56% once these additional improvements are used and useful (in May and November 2008, respectively).

Q.

A.

Ms. Hartley would you please summarize Section #14, Step Increase, Schedule A, with

Revised Step 2 entitled Pennichuck Water Works, Inc, for the Twelve Months Ended

December 31, 2007?

Yes, this exhibit shows the pro forma revenue deficiency for two step increases as of December 31, 2007. The '13 month average' rate base pro forma test year of \$76,919,063 is increased by \$7,179,944 on a pro forma basis as of May 2008 and by \$5,445,5398,151,558 on a pro forma basis for plant in service as of November 2008, resulting in a total pro forma rate base of \$84,099,007 and \$89,544,54692,250,566 respectively for the two step increases. The overall rate of return of 7.81% (discussed in Mr. Patterson's and Mr. Walker's testimony and shown in Section 15, Schedule 1) is then multiplied by the total pro forma rate base for the first step increase of \$84,099,007 and the second step increase of \$89,544,54692,250,566, resulting in a cumulative required operating income of \$6,569,355 and \$6,994,7317,206,110 respectively. As shown in Step Increase, Schedule A, the pro forma net operating income for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007 is \$3,979,196 for the first step increase and \$3,907,057893,596 for the second step increase resulting in a cumulative net operating income deficiency of \$2,590,159 and

\$3,087,6743,312,514 respectively. Utilizing a tax factor of 60.39%, which accounts for the impact of both the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax at 8.5% and Federal Income Taxes at 34%, the resulting cumulative revenue deficiency is calculated to be \$4,289,054 for the first step increase, or a required cumulative revenue increase of 19.76% and \$5,112,890485,203 for the second step increase, or a required cumulative revenue increase of 23.5625.27%. As also indicated, the resulting incremental revenue deficiency is calculated to be \$1,095,263 for the first step increase, or a required incremental revenue increase of 5.05% and \$823,8361,196,149 for the second step increase, or a required incremental revenue increase of 3.805.51%. This increase will permit the Company to provide adequate and reliable service at affordable rates for all of its customers while still maintaining its ability to attract new debt and equity capital.

- 11 Q. Ms. Hartley, would you please summarize Step Increase, Schedule 1 with Revised Step 2

  12 entitled, "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Operating Income Statement for the Twelve

  13 Months Ended December 31, 2005"?
  - A. Yes, this exhibit shows in column 1 the actual operating results of the Company for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, column 2 the pro forma adjustments to the test year, column 3 the pro forma 12 months ending at December 31, 2007, column 4 the resulting net operating income for the first step increase, column 5 the pro forma test year with proposed adjustments for the first step increase, column 6 pro forma adjustments for the resulting net operating income for the second step increase and column 7 for the second step increase pro forma for the test year.
  - Q. Please explain each of the pro forma adjustments made to the operating revenues and expenses as shown in both Step Increases, Schedule 1, Columns 4 and 6.
- A. Depreciation expense has been increased by \$166,535 for the first step increase and \$119,45541,743 for the second step increase accounting to reflect the capital improvements and

retirements for the Treatment Plant and adjustments of \$65,964 and \$47,31656,144 to reflect the tax benefit for step increases one and two respectively. Step Increase, Schedule 1 with Revised Step 2, Attachments A through C provide in detail the nature and specific computation for each pro forma adjustment to these accounts.

Q. Please explain each of the adjustments to the Income Statement for the pro forma stepincrease.

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- 7 A. The adjustment for depreciation expense is calculated on Step Increase, Schedule 3 with Revised 8 Step 2, Attachment A, Exhibit 1 at one half year depreciation expense of \$154,764 for the 9 \$6,970,119 of capital additions to the Treatment Plant for the first step increase and one half year 10 depreciation expense of \$116,904142,785 for the \$5,366,2617,976,601 of capital additions to the 11 Treatment Plant for the second step increase. A deduction of one half year depreciation expense 12 of \$(10,324) and \$(8,497<del>12,089</del>) for the retirement of assets related to the upgrades at the treatment plant and other assets for the first step increase and second step increase respectively, 13 Schedule 3, Attachment A, Exhibit 3. Additionally, there is a pro forma adjustment of \$33,143 14 15 for filter media and its estimated useful life. The net pro forma adjustment for the depreciation 16 expense for the first step increase is \$166,535 and \$119,45541,743 for the second step increase.
  - Q. Please explain Step Increase, Schedule 1, Attachment D with Revised Step 2 entitled, "Pennichuck Water Works, Inc., Income Taxes".
- 19 A. This schedule calculates the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax and Federal Income Tax

  20 benefits derived from the pro forma adjustments to operating expenses for a total tax benefit of

  21 \$(14,155)\$ and \$(51,809)\$ respectively for the first step increase for a total adjustment of

  22 \$(65,964)\$; and for a total tax benefit of \$(10,1542,048)\$ and \$(37,16244,096)\$ respectively for the

  23 second step increase for a total adjustment of \$(47,31656,144)\$.

Q. Please explain Step Increase, Schedule 3 with Revised Step 2, entitled "Pennichuck Water 1 2 Works, Computation of Rate Base, For the Twelve Months ended December 31, 2007"? 3 A. The overall purpose of this schedule is to calculate a pro forma rate base for the Company in 4 order to determine the basis on which to compute the allowed rate of return for the step increase. 5 Column 1 of this exhibit shows the test year rate base account calculated on an actual "13 month average" rate base for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, column 2 represents a "year 6 7 end" rate base for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, column 3 details the pro forma adjustments to the "test year average" rate base, column 4 reflects the pro forma test year, column 8 9 5 reflects the pro forma adjustments to the pro forma test year for the first step increase, column 10 6 represents the first step increase pro forma test year for rate base, column 7 reflects the pro 11 forma adjustments to the pro forma test year for the second step increase, and column 8 12 represents the second step increase pro forma test year for rate base. The computation detail for 13 each adjustment is shown on Step Increase, Schedule 3, Attachment A through C inclusive. The pro forma adjustment to the rate base for plant in service is \$6,356,346 for the first step increase 14 15 and \$4,752,072<del>7,197,398</del> for the second step increase, the pro forma adjustment for accumulated 16 depreciation (84,517) and (277,154390,088) respectively, the pro forma adjustment for 17 accumulated depreciation loss of \$352,397 and \$209,08335,283 respectively and a pro forma 18 adjustment for accumulated depreciation for cost of removal of \$386,684 and \$207,229328,790 19 respectively. The total pro forma adjustment to rate base for the first step increase is \$7,179,944 20 resulting in a total first step increase pro forma test year of \$84,099,007 and a total pro forma 21 adjustment to rate base for the second step increase is \$5,445,539<del>8,151,558</del> resulting in a total second step increase pro forma test year of \$89,544,54692,250,566. Step Increase, Schedule 3 22 23 with Revised Step 2, Attachment A, Exhibit 1 details additions to plant in service totaling

\$6,970,119 and \$5,366,261<del>7,976,601</del> that are expected to be completed by May 2008 and November 2008 respectively. The plant for the first step was constructed in 2007 and 2008 and became operational by May 31, 2008. The plant for the second step will be constructed beginning June 1, 2008 and become operational by November 30, 2008. All of the improvements included in the step increases are necessary to remain in compliance with SDWA, maintain or improve customer service or replace aging infrastructure and all of these plant additions are non-revenue producing in nature. Step Increase, Schedule 3, Attachment A with Revised Step 2, Exhibit 3, details all the retirements of plant in service related to the new construction at the Treatment Plant for the constructed plant in 2008. A reduction of \$(613,773) and (614,189779,203) has been made to plant in service for retirements that will occur as a result of the construction completed in the 2008 for the first and second step increase respectively. The total net pro forma plant in service for the step increase is \$6,356,346 and \$4,752,072<del>7,197,398</del> for the first and second step increase respectively. Step Increase, Schedule 3 with Revised Step 2, Attachment B, reflects a pro forma adjustment for accumulated depreciation for the one half year depreciation expense of \$154,764 and \$116,90442,785 for the first and second step increase respectively related to the Treatment Plant upgrades and other assets. Also, an additional pro forma adjustment to accumulated depreciation of \$(261,376) and \$(405,106<del>543,920</del>) for the first and second step increase respectively is made to recognize the retirements at the Treatment Plant related to the 2008 capital additions. Finally, a pro form adjustment of \$33,143 is made to recognize a shorter useful life for filter media. The net pro forma adjustment for accumulated depreciation is \$(84,517) and \$(277,154390,088) for the first and second step increases respectively. Step Increase, Schedule 3 with Revised Step 2,

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Attachment C, reflects the accumulated depreciation loss and cost of removal for the expected 1 retirements of plant in service, including the cost of removal related to the Merrimack Dam. 2 3 Q. Ms. Hartley will all of the pro forma capital additions included in the pro forma adjusted rate base for the step increase be used and useful on May 31, 2008 and November 30, 2008? 4 5 A. Yes. 7 Will the expenses incurred by the Company in making these rate base additions for the Q. 8 step increases be prudent? 9 A. Yes, as discussed in Mr. Ware's testimony, all of these investments are prudent and necessary. 10 Ms. Hartley, please explain the impact of the 5.05% for the first step increase and Q. 11 3.805.51% for the second step on the rate request of 14.72% previously described? 12 A. Section 12, Step Increase, Schedule A with Revised Step 2, reflects the impact of both the 14.72% rate increase and the 5.05% and 3.805.51% step increases resulting in combined increase 13 14 of 23.56<del>5.27</del>%. Column 7, entitled Step Increase #1 & #2 Pro Forma Test year shows the 15 combined effect of these increases. The total pro forma rate is multiplied by the overall rate of return of 7.81% resulting in required operating income of \$6,994,7317,206,110. Accounting for 16 17 the adjustments to net operating income for the \$600,475, \$100,571 and \$72,13985,599 pro forma operating expenses for the proposed increases of 14.72%, 5.05% and 3.805.51% 18 respectively will result in a net operating income deficiency of \$3,087,674312,514. The 19 20 deficiency is then divided by the 60.39% tax factor resulting in a total revenue deficiency of \$5,112,890485,203 which divided by water revenues of \$21,703,068 results in a rate increase of 21 22 23.56<del>5.27</del>%. 23 Q. How is the Company proposing to adjust its current rate levels to achieve the total revenue

increase of 23.565.27% in this case?

The Company proposes to adjust its current rate levels in accordance with its Cost of Service Study. As stated previously the Company proposes to collect 86.2% of its required revenues from Water Service Revenues (both general water service (GWS) and contract water service), 3.68% from Private Fire Revenue and 10.12% from Municipal Fire Revenues. This revenue collection allocation would result in the Company collecting \$21,555\(\frac{2}{2}\).2\(\frac{5}{9}1\theta\) or an increase of 23.405.12% from its GWS customers, \$1,859,85384,116 or an increase of 22.554.20% from Contract revenues, \$986,8141,000,533 or an increase of 99.68102.46% from Private Fire revenues and \$2,713,607<del>51,616</del> or an increase of 10.02<del>1.56</del>% from Municipal Fire revenues resulting in an overall revenue increase of 23.5625.28%. (The difference between the overall revenue increase in the rate filing of 23.565.27% noted above vs. 25.28% in the cost of service study is due a slight difference in the cost study allocation as noted in Schedule 13 Step 2, page 5 of 5 of the cost of service study.) The above allocation will result in an average annual residential water bill for a single family home of approximately \$557.59565.30 based on average usage per 9.53 one hundred cu.ft. This will represent an increase of \$8.238.88 per month for residential customers over current rates.

### Q. Ms. Hartley, is there any other information you would like to discuss at this time?

Yes, the binder labeled Pennichuck Water Works, DW 08-073, Rule 1601.04 and 1604.08 has been organized to facilitate the three elements of the Company's proposed rate increase: the request for temporary rates, the request for the 14.72% rate increase, and the request for the two step increases of 5.01% and 3.805.51%. Section #3 includes revised tariff pages and Sections #5, #6, and #7 include the Report of Proposed Rate Changes for the initial and step increase. Section #2 includes related schedules and reports for the petition for temporary rates.

### Q. Ms. Hartley does this conclude your testimony at this time?

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